

# HighPoint NVMe Boot RAID Windows Installation Guide

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# **Prerequisites for a Bootable RAID Configuration**

The NVMe products can support bootable RAID arrays. After configuring an array using the UEFI RAID tool, you can install a Windows operating system to the NVMe SSD's.

Supported Controller	SSD7202
	SSD7105
	SSD7505
	SSD7502
	SSD7540
	SSD780A
	SSD7580B
	SSD7749M
	SSD7749E
	RocketAIC 7505HW Series
	RocketAIC 7540HW Series
	RocketAIC 7749EW Series
Supported Enclosure	SSD6780A

The following is a list of NVMe products that can support bootable RAID arrays.

In order to configure a bootable NVMe RAID array, you will need the following:

*Note: Prior to system installation, please do not connect any NVMe to the motherboard M.2 SLOT to prevent any unexpected situation during the installation process.* 

1. **An NVMe SSD must be installed**. You must have at least one NVMe SSD installed into the NVMe products .

*Note: The RocketAIC* 7505*HW series, RocketAIC* 7540*HW series and RocketAIC* 7749*EW series NVMe drives already include pre-configured SSDs.* 

- 2. A PCIe 3.0/4.0/5.0 slot with x8 or x16 lanes. The NVMe products must be installed into a PCIe 3.0/4.0/5.0 slot with x8 or x16 lanes.
- 3. Your motherboard must have a UEFI BIOS with option ROM settings for third party devices (such as the NVMe products, optical drives and USB flash drives). If this is not c onfigured correctly, the system will fail to load the NVMe products. Please check the co mpatibility lists for recommended motherboards/platforms these are available from the Documentation sections of the product category webpages.
- 4. **Secure Boot must be disabled.** The UEFI capability of the NVMe product has not been signed and certified. If Secure Boot is enabled, the motherboard will not recognize the NVMe product, and you will be unable to proceed with installation.

- 5. **Prepare the Windows OS Installation media.** You will need an official Windows installation DVD or flash drive, or access to an official downloadable copy (which will then have to be burned/transferred to a DVD or flash drive).
- 6. If you are installing the OS using a DVD/Blu-Ray disc, you will need to **Install an optical drive into the system** (such as a DVD-ROM, DVD-RW or Blu-Ray drive).
- 7. You will need at least one USB flash drive the UEFI package and driver should be extracted to the root directory of this flash drive.
- 8. **Remove all other drives during the OS installation process.** Make sure only the NVMe product, the USB flash drive, and the optical drive are installed into the system during this procedure. This includes any other USB hard drives, USB flash drives, memory sticks, or SAS/SATA drives. You can reattach these drives after the operating system has been successfully installed.
- 9. Make sure any non-HighPoint drivers are uninstalled for any SSD's hosted by the NVMe product. 3<sup>rd</sup> party software and manufacturer provided drivers may prevent the NVMe product from functioning properly.
- 10. For Windows 10/11 users, make sure to Disable Fast Boot.
- 11. The following are the basic requirements for installing Windows 11 on your computer. If your device does not meet these requirements, you may not be able to install Windows 11 on your device; If your device is already running Windows 10, you can use the PC Health Check app to evaluate compatibility.

Processor:	1 gigahertz (GHz) or faster with 2 or more cores on a compatible 64-bit processor or System on a Chip (SoC).	Graphics card:	Compatible with DirectX 12 or later with WDDM 2.0 driver.
Memory:	4 GB RAM.	Display Resolution:	High definition (720p) display that is greater than 9" diagonally, 8 bits per color channel.
Storage:	64 GB or larger storage device.	Internet connection:	Microsoft account and internet connectivity required for setup for Windows 11 Home.
System firmware:	UEFI, Secure Boot capable. Check <b>here</b> for information on how your PC might be able to meet this requirement.		pe <u>running Windows 10</u> , version 2004 or later, to upgrade. Free updates are Windows Update in Settings>Update and Security.
TPM:	Trusted Platform Module (TPM) version 2.0. Check here for instructions on how your PC might be enabled to meet this requirement.	Windows 11 minin apps you want to i	equire specific hardware. <sup>2</sup> System requirements to run some apps will exceed the num device specifications. Check device compatibility information specific to the install. Available storage on your device will vary based on installed apps and nee will scale with higher end, more capable PCs. Additional requirements may of for undates.

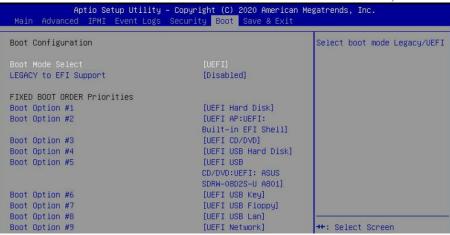
#### Minimum system requirements Read here for more information on system requirements and information on how some PCs might be able to update or change settings to meet the requirements

Please refer to the following link for detailed requirements: Windows 11 Specs and System Requirements | Microsoft

### **UEFI BIOS Settings**

Different motherboards will provide different UEFI-related BIOS settings. Please consult your motherboard's user manual for more information. This section provides examples for two different types of motherboard BIOS menus.

- 1. **Example 1:** Changing the UEFI setting (SuperMicro H12SSL-i motherboard).
  - a. Boot the system and access the motherboard BIOS menu.
  - b. Scroll to the **Boot** tab and set the "Boot Mode Select" to "UEFI";



c. Under "Advanced->PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration->, change "CPU Slot x PCI-E OPROM" to "EFI". "x" represents the PCIE slot assignment. For this example, the SSD7505 is installed into "CPU Slot 3".

Aptio Setup Utility – Advanced	Copyright (C) 2020 America	an Megatrends, Inc.
PCI Bus Driver Version	A5.01.19	▲ Enables or disables CPU SLOT3 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM
PCI Devices Common Settings:		option.
Above 4G Decoding	[Enabled]	
SR-IOV Support	[Disabled]	
BME DMA Mitigation	[Disabled]	
PCIe ARI Support	[Auto]	
PCIe Spread Spectrum	[Disabled]	
VGA Priority	[Onboard]	
NVMe Firmware Source	[Vendor Defined	
	Firmware]	
M.2 (AHCI) Firmware Source	[Vendor Defined	
	Firmware]	
CPU SLOT1 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM	[EFI]	
CPU SLOT2 PCI-E 4.0 X8 OPROM	[EFI]	
CPU SLOT3 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM		
CPU SLOT4 PCI-E 4.0 X8 OPROM	[EFI]	++: Select Screen
CPU SLOTS PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM	[EFI]	↓ 1↓: Select Item
CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM	[EFI]	Enter: Select
CPU SLOT7 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM	[EFI]	+/-: Change Opt.

d. \_ Disable "Secure Boot", and set "Attempt Secure Boot" to "Disabled".

System Mode	Setup	Secure Boot feature is
Vendor Keys	Active	Active if Secure Boot is
Secure Boot	Not Active	Enabled,
		Platform Key(PK) is
		enrolled and the System is
		in User mode.
Secure Boot Mode	[Custom]	The mode change requires
CSM Support	[Enabled]	platform reset

- Example 2: Changing the UEFI setting (ASUS PRIME X299 –DELUXE):
   a. Boot the system and access the motherboard's BIOS menu.
  - b. Set "Boot from Storage Devices" to "UEFI driver first";

	nom	Diorage	DUNCES	to UL	/I'I ul	IVCI	mst	,
My Favorites	Main	Ai Tweaker	Advanced	Monitor	Boot	Tool	Exit	
- Boot\CSM (Comp	atibility Sup	port Module)				1		
Compatibility Su	pport Modul	e Configuration						
Launch CSM				1	Enabled			•
Boot Device Co	ontrol			[	UEFI and L	egacy OPR	ом	•
Boot from Net	work Device	5		[	Legacy only	,		•
Boot from Sto	rage Devices			(	UEFI driver	first		•
Boot from PC	-E/PCI Expan	sion Devices		[	Legacy only	1		•
								-

c. Set "Boot Device Control" to "UEFI Only" or "UEFI and Legacy OPROM";

<ul> <li>Boot\CSM (Compatibility Support Module)</li> </ul>		
Compatibility Support Module Configuration		
Launch CSM	Enabled	•
Boot Device Control	UEFI and Legacy OPROM	-
Boot from Network Devices	Legacy only -	5
Boot from Storage Devices	UEFI driver first 👻	]
Boot from PCI-E/PCI Expansion Devices	Legacy only 🗸	כ
	Ą	

d. Set "OS Type" to "Other OS".

kit	Exit	Tool	Boot	Monitor	Advanced	Ai Tweaker	Main	My Favorites
-						and the		- Root/Secure Boot
			nabled nloaded				state	Secure Boot state Platform Key (PK)
			Other OS					OS Type
							t Keys	> Clear Secure Boo
								> Key Management
								Key Management

### How to install Windows to the NVMe product

### Method 1 UEFI Command Line (RAID Tool)

#### **Step 1 - Preparing the USB Flash Drive**

When preparing the USB flash dive, make sure to format the USB partition as FAT32. If another file system is used, the USB drive may not be properly recognized, and will not appear as an option under the motherboard's UEFI BIOS menus.

#### **Step 2 - Preparing the UEFI Package**

The package must be unzipped directly to the root of the bootable USB flash drive (do not extract the contents to a new folder). All of the following items must be present in the root of the USB flash drive.

#### **Example screenshot**

📙 efi	1/27/2022 3:06 PM	File folder	
7505uefi.rom	11/19/2021 9:42 AM	ROM File	65 KB
ArrayCreate.efi	9/24/2021 10:51 AM	EFI File	74 KB
go.nsh	9/24/2021 10:51 AM	NSH File	1 KB
📄 load.efi	9/24/2021 10:51 AM	EFI File	103 KB
README	1/27/2022 4:11 PM	Text Document	4 KB
startup.nsh	9/24/2021 10:51 AM	NSH File	1 KB

*Note:* the picture is only for reference, please make the object as the standard.

*Note:* If the above content is not present in the root directory, the UEFI boot device will not be properly recognized, and or you will be unable to create an array for OS installation.

#### **Step 3 – Creating the RAID Array**

*Note:* RocketAIC 7505HW series, RocketAIC 7540HW series and RocketAIC 7749EW series NVMe drives are already pre- configured with RAID0. You can skip this step. If you want to use another type of RAID for Boot-RAID, you can refer to the following steps.

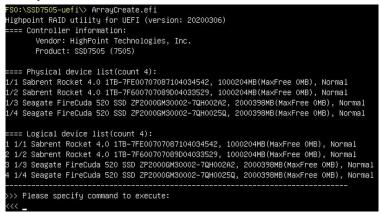
- a. This procedure assumes you have already installed NVMe SSD's into the NVMe product. (please see Step 1- Prerequisites).
- b. Insert the bootable USB flash drive into the motherboard and boot the system.
- c. Enter the motherboard's BIOS settings, and select the UEFI: "flash drive" from the menu.

```
Boot Override
SanDisk
BRCM MBA Slot 4500 v20.14.2
UEFI: SanDisk, Partition 1
UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell
Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device
```

d. At the prompt, enter the following command to change the resolution: mode 100 31

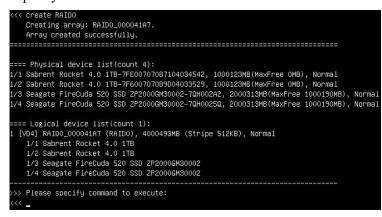
FSO:\> Availat		odes	for c	onsole	output	device.
Col	80	Row	25	ж		
Col	80	Row	50			
Col	100	Row	31			
Col	240	Row	56			
FS0:\>	mode	100	31_			

e. Next, enter the following command to enter the RAID creation utility: ArrayCreate.efi



f. Next, create the array using the following command: create RAID0

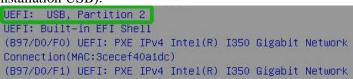
This will create a RAID0 array using all of the SSD's, and configured for maximum capacity.



g. You can now exit the utility. Enter the following command: **exit** *Note:* For more additional commands, please refer to <u>Appendix</u> of this user guide.

#### **Step 4 - Install Windows**

- a. Insert the Windows installation media (USB flash drive or DVD), then reboot the system.
- b. Enter the Boot list, and select the appropriate boot path to the Windows installation media (the example below shows how the system's optical drive was selected for a Windows installation USB):



c. After Windows setup begins, follow the on-screen prompts. When Windows asks "Where do you want to install Windows?", you should see several Legacy disks available (one for each SSD you have installed into the NVMe product).

*Note:* The screenshot below shows 4 SSD's that have been installed into a SSD7505 controller.

Name		Total size	Free space	Туре
Irive 0 Una	Illocated Space	953.9 GB	953.9 GB	
Drive 1 Una	Illocated Space	476.9 GB	476.9 GB	
Drive 2 Una	Illocated Space	223.6 GB	223.6 GB	
🛷 Drive 3 Una	Illocated Space	931.5 GB	931.5 GB	
<u>n R</u> efresh	Delete	Eormat	<mark>₩</mark> N <u>e</u> w	
Load driver	Extend			

d. Click "Load driver", in the pop-up window and click "Cancel":

19	Load driver
	To install the device driver for your drive, insert the installation media containing the driver files, and then click OK. Note: The installation media can be a CD, DVD, or USB flash drive.
	Browse OK Cancel

e. Next, insert a USB flash drive that contains the NVMe product driver into the motherboard USB slot and click "**Browse**". Select the driver file as shown:

Select the driver to	o install htroller (C:\HighPoint_NVMe_G5_		1 2 20 14 20
	D Controller (C:\HighPoint_NVM	and the second	
			>

**Note:** The driver revision shown in the screenshots may not correspond with current software releases. Please make sure to download the latest driver from the product's Software Updates page.

f. After loading the driver, return to the "Where do you want to install Windows?" interface. The previous Legacy disks will now be recognized as a RAID array:

ocated Space	Total size 447.0 GB	Free space 447.0 GB	Туре
ocated Space	447.0 GB	447.0 GB	
Delete	Eormat	<mark>∦</mark> N <u>e</u> w	
	Delete	Delete Format	∑Delete ✓Eormat <del>*</del> New

g. After partitioning, continue and complete the Windows installation procedure.

Mext

### Method 2 UEFI HII (UEFI Utility)

*Note:* The following installation process uses the SSD7505 and SuperMicro H12SSL-i motherboard as an example.

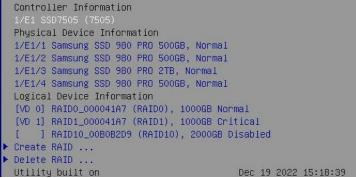
#### Step 1 – Create RAID

*Note:* RocketAIC 7505HW series, RocketAIC 7540HW series and RocketAIC 7749EW series NVMe drives are already pre- configured with RAID0. You can skip this step. If you want to use another type of RAID for Boot-RAID, you can refer to the following steps.

a. Power on the motherboard → the motherboard BIOS → Advanced, "HighPoint RAID Management Utility" should appear under Advanced options.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2019 Ame Main <mark>Advanced</mark> Event Logs IPMI Security Boot Save &	
<ul> <li>Boot Feature</li> <li>CPU Configuration</li> <li>Chipset Configuration</li> <li>Server ME Information</li> <li>PCH SATA Configuration</li> <li>PCH SATA Configuration</li> <li>PCIe/PCI/PhP Configuration</li> <li>Super 10 Configuration</li> <li>Serial Port Console Redirection</li> <li>ACPI Settings</li> <li>Trusted Computing</li> <li>HTTP BOOT Configuration</li> </ul>	Utility to manage RAID(s) of HighPoint RAID Controller.
<ul> <li>TLS Authenticate Configuration</li> <li>iSCSI Configuration</li> <li>HighPoint RAID Management Utility</li> <li>Intel(0) Schement Concertion VI22 for 100EASE T -</li> </ul>	

b. Enter "HighPoint RAID Management Utility", Select Create RAID...



c. In **Create** menu, a device list will appear, and display all available hard disk drives. Select the RAID type from dropdown list. Use the **up** and **down** keys of the keyboard or the mouse to select the RAID type and press the **Enter** key.



d. Insert the Windows install media in (such as a Bootable USB drives) and reboot the system.

#### **Step 2 - Install Windows**

- a. Enter the Boot list, and select start from UEFI BOOT:
- UEFI: USB, Partition 2 UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell (B97/D0/F0) UEFI: PXE IPv4 Intel(R) I350 Gigabit Network Connection(MAC:3cecef40a1dc) (B97/D0/F1) UEFI: PXE IPv4 Intel(R) I350 Gigabit Network
- b. After Windows setup begins, follow the on-screen prompts. When Windows asks "Where do you want to install Windows?", you should see several Legacy disks available (one for each SSD you have installed into the NVMe product).

*Note: The screenshot below shows 4 SSD's that have been installed into a SSD7505 controller:* 

Name		Total size	Free space	Туре
Orive 0 Una	llocated Space	953.9 GB	953.9 GB	
Drive 1 Una	llocated Space	476.9 GB	476.9 GB	
Drive 2 Una	llocated Space	223.6 GB	223.6 GB	
🛷 Drive 3 Una	llocated Space	931.5 GB	931.5 GB	
∱ <u>R</u> efresh	Delete	Eormat	<mark>₩</mark> N <u>e</u> w	
Load driver	Extend			

c. Install Windows, to "Where do you want to install Windows?"; Click "Load driver", in the pup-up window, click "Cancel".

 ct the driver to install	
Load driver	
To install the device driver for your drive, insert the driver files, and then click OK. Note: The installation media can be a CD, DVD, or	
Browse	e OK Cancel

d. Next, insert a USB flash drive that contains the NVMe product driver into the motherboard USB slot and click "**Browse**". Select the driver file as shown:

NVMe_G5_RAID_Windows_StorPort_HLK_v1.2.28.14_20 oint_NVMe_G5_RAID_Windows_StorPort_HLK_v1.2.28.:
>

**Note:** The driver revision shown in the screenshots may not correspond with current software releases. Please make sure to download the latest driver from the product's Software Updates page.

e. After loading the driver, return to the "Where do you want to install Windows?" interface. The previous Legacy disks will now be recognized as a RAID array:

 Go G Windows Setup

Name		Total size	Free space	Туре
Drive 0 Un	allocated Space	447.0 GB	447.0 GB	
Pafeerb	Dalata	@Earmat	Mew .	
<u>R</u> efresh Load driver	Delete	✓ Format	* N <u>e</u> w	

f. After partitioning, continue and complete the Windows installation procedure.

Mext

#### **Disabling Hibernation**

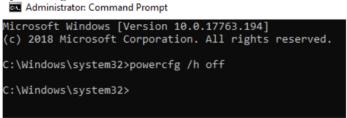
a. After Windows is installed, boot into the operating system and disable Hibernation. Hibernation fails when the system is installed on an NVMe RAID array; this bug will slow down or prevent startup and disable sleep mode.

If you do not turn the hibernation functionality off, you may experience the following problems:

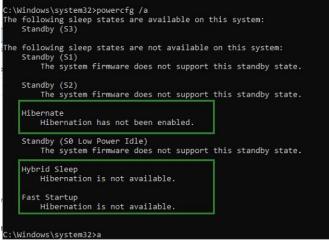
- a) Shutdown time is extended by an additional 3-5 minutes.
- b) You cannot shut down properly; you need to manually press the power switch button of the motherboard to power off the system.

Please use **administrator privileges** to turn off hibernation using the following command (Command Prompt utility):

#### #powercfg /h off



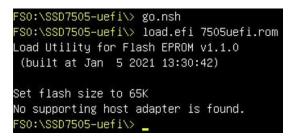
Enter the command to check that the quick shutdown is turned off; **powercfg** / **a** 



### **Trouble shooting**

#### No supporting host adapter is found

In the UEFI environment, run the command, " go.nsh (Please see UEFI Read me for specific input content.)".



Solutions: If you get the message, "No supporting host adapter is found. "Try the following,

- a. The error message is to remind the user that when the card cannot be found in UEFI. Make sure the NVMe product is installed into a PCIe slot with x8 or x16 lane.
- b. In order to avoid this slot is broken, so replace the slot and test again.

#### No supported controller detected

In the UEFI environment, run the command, "ArrayCreate.efi".



Solutions: If you get the message, "No supported controller detected." Try the following,

- a. Check whether the Storage option ROM is Enabled in the motherboard BIOS.
- b. Check whether NVMe is connected to the controller.
- c. Replace the motherboard slot, enter the UEFI environment and re-enter the command.

If none of the above methods work, please provide <u>UEFI log</u>. You can submit a support ticket using our <u>Online Support Portal</u>, include a description of the problem in as much detail as possible.

#### Yellow warning before and after installation of the driver.

Before and after installing the driver, a yellow exclamation point warning appears in the lower left corner of the installation interface.

Name		Total size	Free space Type	Name	Total size	Free space Type
🛷 Drive O Una	illocated Space	476.9 GB	476.9 GB	Drive 0 Unallocated Space	476.9 GB	476.9 GB
Irive 1 Una 💞	silocated Space	953.9 GB	953.9 GB			
<ul> <li>Befresh</li> <li>Load driver</li> </ul>	Delete	@Eormat	₩ Ngw	The Befresh Delete	Eormat	<b>₩</b> Ngw
	nstalled on this drive. (			Windows can't be installed on this drive. (5	Chow details)	

#### Solution:

- a. Please confirm "Boot from Storage Devices" is set to "UEFI driver first";
- b. Confirm whether UEFI DVD is selected to enter the system installation interface.

#### Load driver error

When installing the driver, it prompts that the driver needs to be updated.



**Solution:** The appearance of the error message indicates that other NVMe Drives are connected to your applicable motherboard. Try the following:

a. Remove all NVMe Drive installed on the motherboard and reinstall OS.

If none of the above methods work, please provide pci&driver information. You can submit a support ticket using our <u>Online Support Portal</u>, include a description of the problem in as much detail as possible.

### This PC Can't run Windows11

If it prompts 'This PC Can't run Windows11' during the installation process, please check whether the computing platform you are using complies with "<u>Minimum system requirements for</u> <u>windows11</u>"



# Appendix

# Support command: help/info/quit/exit/create/delete.

### Create Command

### Syntax

Create Array Type (RAID0/RAID1) Member Disk list (1/1, 1/2|\*) Capacity (100|\*)

### Examples

<<< create RAID0

<<< create RAID0 \*

<<< create RAID0 \* \*

Create RAID0 array with all disks and with maximum capacity.

<<< create RAID1 1/1, 1/3 10

Create RAID1 array with disk 1/1 and 1/3 and with 10GB capacity.

<<< create RAID10 \* 10

Create RAID1 array with all disks and with 10GB capacity.

# Delete Command

Syntax

delete {array ID}

### Examples

<<< delete 1

Delete the first array from Logical device list.

<<< delete 2

Delete the second array from Logical device list.

# • Info Command

Syntax

info

Display physical device list and logical list

# • Exit Command

### Syntax

Q/q/quit/exit

Quit the application

# • Help Command

### Syntax

H/h/help

This is help message